

テクニカルデータシート

SustaPEEK CM MOD black

製品の特徴

- 優れた滑り特性
- 非常に優れた耐摩耗性
- 高剛性
- 耐火性
- 自己消化性
- 非常に低い煙濃度
- 高エネルギー放射線に対する耐性
- 高いクリープ耐性
- 高い連続使用温度

製品の用途例

- エレクトロニクス
- コンベヤー
- 機械工学
- 航空宇宙

	試験法	単位	値
一般的物性			
密度	DIN EN ISO 1183-1	g / cm ³	1,47
機械的物性			
引張破壊呼び歪	DIN EN ISO 527	%	1,1
引張強度	DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	50
衝撃強度	DIN EN ISO 179	kJ / m ²	6
ノッチ付き衝撃耐性	DIN EN ISO 179	kJ / m ²	2
ボールインデンテーション硬度	DIN EN ISO 2039-1	MPa	231
ショア硬度	DIN EN ISO 868 / 15 sek	scale D	82
圧縮強度	DIN EN ISO 604	MPa	3800
熱的物性			
融点	ISO 11357-3	°C	342

The short-term maximum application temperature only applies to very low mechanical stress for a few hours. The long-term maximum application temperature is based on the thermal ageing of plastics by oxidation, resulting in a decrease of the mechanical properties. This applies to an exposure to temperatures for at least 5.000 hours causing a 50% loss of the tensile strength from the original value (measured at room temperature). This value says nothing about the mechanical strength of the material at high application temperatures. In case of thick-walled parts, only the surface layer is affected by oxidation from high temperatures. With the addition of antioxidants, a better protection of the surface layer is achieved. In any case, the center area of the material remains unaffected. The minimum application temperature is basically influenced by possible stress factors like impact and/or shock under application. The values stated refer to a minimum degree of impact stress. The electrical properties as stated result from measurements on natural, dry material. With other colours (in particular black) or saturated material, there may be clear differences in the electrical properties. The data stated above are average values ascertained by statistical tests on a regular basis. They are in accordance with DIN EN 15860. They serve as information about our products and are presented as a guide to choose from our range of materials. This, however, does not include an assurance of specific properties or the suitability for particular application purposes that are legally binding. Since the properties also depend on the dimension of the semi-finished products and the degree of crystallization (e.g. nucleating by pigments), the actual values of the properties of a particular product may differ from the indicated values.

